

**TRAVERSE SPECIFICATIONS,
SECOND ORDER**

CLASS	I	II
Principal station spacing	Seldom less than 4 km/ urban areas 0.3 km	Seldom less than 2 km/ urban areas 0.2 km

Horizontal direction/angles

Instrument	0:2	1:0	0:2	1:0
Number of observations	8 or 12 ¹		6 or 8 ²	
Rejection limit from mean	5"	5"	5"	5"

Length measurements

(Electro-optical or infrared)

Minimum number of measurements	1	1
Minimum number of readings	10	10
Minimum number of concentric measurements	1	1
Minimum number of offset measurements	1	1
Standard error- Estimated by	1:300,000	1:120,000

$$\sigma_m = \sqrt{\frac{\sum v^2}{n(n-1)}}$$

Reciprocal vertical angle observations

Number and spread between observations	3 D/R-10	2 D/R-10
Number of stations between known elevations	6-8	8-10
Maximum time interval (hr)	1	1

Astro azimuths

Number of courses between azimuth checks	10-12	15-20
Number of observations per night	16	12
Number of nights	2	1
Standard error	0:45	0:6

Azimuth closure at azimuth checkpoint:

- Not to exceed 1:5/station or 3:0 √N
- Urban areas seldom to exceed 2:0/station or 3"√N

2

**TRAVERSE SPECIFICATIONS,
SECOND ORDER (CONTINUED)**

CLASS	I	II
Principal station spacing	Seldom less than 4 km/urban areas 0.3 km	Seldom less than 2 km/urban areas 0.2 km

Position closure³

After azimuth adjustment	0.08m √k or 1:50,000	0.2m √k or 1:20,000
--------------------------	-------------------------	------------------------

Where:

N is the number of stations for carrying azimuth, and
K is the distance in kilometers.

¹ May be reduced to 8 in urban areas

² May be reduced to 4 in urban areas

³ The expressions for closing errors in traverses are given in two forms. The expression containing the square root is designed for longer lines where higher proportional accuracy is required. Use the formula that gives the smallest permissible closure.

**TRAVERSE SPECIFICATIONS,
THIRD ORDER**

CLASS	I	II
Principal station spacing	Seldom less than .05 km/urban areas 0.1 km	

Horizontal directions/angles

Instrument	1:0	1:0
Number of observations	4	2
Rejection limit from mean	5:0	5:0

Length measurements

(Electro-optical or infrared)

Minimum number of measurements	1	1
Minimum number of readings	10	10
Minimum number of concentric measurements	1	1
Minimum number of offset measurements	0	0
Standard error -- Estimated by	1:60,000	1:30,000

$$\sigma_m = \sqrt{\frac{\sum v^2}{n(n-1)}}$$

3

**TRAVERSE SPECIFICATIONS,
THIRD ORDER (CONT)**

CLASS	I	II
Principal station spacing	Seldom less than .05 km/urban areas 0.1 km	

Reciprocal vertical angle observations

Number and spread between observations	2 D/R-10"	2 D/R-20"
Number of stations between known elevations	10-15	15-20
Maximum time interval (hr)	1	1

Astro azimuths

Number of courses between azimuth checks	20-25	30-40
Number of observations per night	8 ¹	4
Number of nights	1	1
Standard error	1"0	1"7

Azimuth closure at azimuth checkpoint:

• Not to exceed	
3" 0/station	8"0/station
or 10" \sqrt{N}	or 30" \sqrt{N}

Position closure²

After azimuth adjustment	0.4 m \sqrt{K}	0.8 m \sqrt{K}
	or	or
	1:10,000	1:5,000

Where:

N is the number of stations for carrying azimuth, and
K is the distance in kilometers.

¹Can be reduced to 4 when a T-3 is used.

²The expressions for closing errors in traverses are given in two forms.
The expression containing the square root is designed for lines where higher proportional accuracy is required.
Use the formula that gives the smallest permissible closure.

***GTA 05-02-039**

TRAVERSE SPECIFICATIONS, SECOND AND THIRD ORDER

DISTRIBUTION: United States (US) Army Training Support Centers (TSCs).

DISTRIBUTION RESTRICTION: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

**Headquarters, Department of the Army
February 2001**

Purpose: Use this GTA when performing a traverse. See FM 3-34.331 for more information.

*This publication supersedes GTA 5-2-39, March 1989